## BUNCO MEN AND DOCTOR MAN.

BUNCO AHEAD, SO FAR, AND EX-TREMELY FRANK ABOUT IT.

Champe Andrews Tells of His Arrest, and Dr. Harris Says His Wife's Nervousness Made Him Anxious to Settle-Mrs. strosnider's Lawyer Contradicts Her.

After an all day session the examination of Champe S. Andrews, counsel for the County Medical Society, on the charge of extortion, was adjourned at 6 o'clock last night by Justice Olmsted in Special Sessions until Monday morning. Mr. Andrews, who was represented by Austen G. Fox and George Gordon Rattle, made a general denial of the charge that he compelled Mrs. John H. Strosnider, the wife of a bunce man, to deed over a house on the promise that her husband would not be prose He was corroborated by Milton C. Gray, & lawyer, who acted for Mrs. Strosnider, and by Dr. John A. Harris, Andrews's lient, who was trimmed of \$12,500 by Strosnider and his accomplice, William McKee. The cross-examination of Harris will begin on Monday morning.
"How we skinned a sucker," was the text

of the frank testimony of Strosnider and McKee. They are both big men, over 6 feet each, and they were dressed in the style that befits an industrious chevalier of bunco. Strosnider was the first witness. He said he was a gambler and had been arrested in the District of Columbia. "I ran a crooked foot race—the people bit easy but I was burned," he said. Then he admitted that he had served five years in the Trenton prison. "At hard labor?" he was asked.

"I didn't call it hard labor," he replied.

'It was a cinch. "I first met Harris in Paris," he said; We did the cafes and white places together. You see I wasn't averse to separating some of my acquaintances I met in Paris from some of their money. I had my valet and chauffeur with me and I was hitting it up pretty hot. When I met Harris I knew I was up against a pretty slick one. Harris and I had dinners together and we went automobiling together.

"When we came back from Paris to this country I met Harris again. He called me up on the 'phone and asked me if I was investing in good things in Wall Street. I went up to see him. He said something about starting a subway bank. He wanted me to put up \$50,000 against the \$50,000 he'd put up. He even took me down to Twentythird street and showed me a hole in the ground, where he said the bank would be. I was to be the president. He showed a spot in the hole where my desk was going to be. He talked so slick that for a day I thought I was a bank president. Yes, I

"Well, I told him I'd think the thing over. I was next to his game. It was up to me to make a proposition to him or he'd get in ahead of me. He got in ahead of me again. He raised the stock subscription in the bank game to \$150,000. I didn't like to do it, but I signed my name. Then I called in my pal, McKee. I told the doctor that McKee had a good scheme to beat a faro game, and I arranged for McKee to meet the doctor at the doctor's house. We had a couple of rehearsals, of this faro game, and the doctor bit. I told him we could sit in about three times a week and make about \$18,000. He thought

it was pretty good." Strosnider told of the night he and Dr. Harris went to the gambling house. It was a gambling house rigged up for the occasion, with a real policeman on the door. McKee was the dealer of the faro game, and Strosnider said Harris bought \$10,000

worth of chips. "I bought \$10,000 worth, too," said Stroenider. "Our code didn't seem to work. The doctor lost the \$10,000-and so did I,' llarris went back to the gambling house the same night, according to Strosnider, and asked if he could get in again. cert; you're a member now," said McKee.

Strosnider told how they got \$2,500 out of Harris after that at the same game. On the night of Strosnider's arrest he had \$7,500, \$3,500 of which he had borrowed, and he went to Harris's house, where there was to be another rehearsal of the faro game. Harris wanted to count the money. but Strosnider wouldn't let him. The Harris pretended to pay a couple of painters, who were really Detectives Reardon and Platt of the District Attorney's office, and Strosnider's arrest followed after a fight.

Mkee, who was the next witness, was as breezy as Strosnider. and told practically he same story.

Mrs. Strosnider told of visiting Dr Harris's house the night before the complaint against Strosnider and McKee was dismissed by Magistrate McAvoy because Dr. Harris failed to appear. She said that Harris telephoned for her and that after a few minutes Andrews walked into the house.

"Andrews told me," she swore; "that unless I transferred my property to him by 9 o'clock the next morning he would have my husband indicted and sent to Sing Sing, as sure as there was a God in heaven. I asked Mr. Andrews if he thought it was fair to treat a woman so, and he said he thought it was. Dr. Harris told me that Andrews was to get \$2,000, and the more liberal I was the more Andrews would get and the more disposed he would be to

let my husband off." It was Justice McAvoy's first day on the Special Sessions bench. He was called as witness. He said that Lawyer Andrews told him in the Magistrate's court that Dr Harris would not press the charge; that Strosnider had given two notes, and that civil means had been employed by Harris to recover the money Strosnider had buncoed him out of. Justice McAvoy said he couldn't remember that Andrews said that

Harris had fled the jurisdiction. Then the prosecution rested. Mr. Fox announced that Mr. Andrews would not make the formal motion for a dismissal of the case, but demanded an examination. "I don't intend to make any argument, said Mr. Fox. "It must be perfectly ap-

parent that the position of my client is much more enviable than that of the person who engineered this prosecution or who is

To this Mr. Gans made a spirited reply remarking that crooks like Strosnider and McKee, who posed as crooks, appeared in much better light then those who deal with crooks, but didn't pose as crooks. "In view of the readiness to credit the

testimony of Stresnider and McKee, I repeat my statement with redoubled emphasis," said Mr. Fox. lawyer Gray, who advised Mrs. Stro-

anider to turn over her property to a clerk

in Mr. Andrews's office at the 5:30 A. M. meeting at the Hotel Manhattan, refused to answer any questions as to what was

said between him and his client. He denied, however that Mr. Andrews made any threats. Mrs. Strosnider, he said, acted under his advice and the advice of her husband all the time. The early morning meeting was held so that the thing could be disposed of at once.

Mr. Andrews testified that the \$2,500 lost by Harris was the result of a plan to Strosnider and McKee, but that it failed. He went over the story that has been told of Harris going to the gambling house and of the arrest of Harris. In the cab ride to Police Headquarters Andrews said he questioned Strosnider about giving up the \$7,500 he had, in the hope Strosnider would make admissions that would help to convict him. When he went to Assistant District Attorney Hart, Mr. Hart was rejuctant to prosecute, because he didn't believe that there was a case against Strosnider or McKee. Harris refused to prosecute, he said, because his wife had threatened to leave him, and that was more to him than maintaining the

dignity of justice. When I was called to Dr. Harris's house that night," said Mr. Andrews, "Mrs. Strosnider told me that shelhad seen her husband and McKee and that she didn't realize that her house had been purchased with stolen money. She said she couldn't sleep under a stolen roof. I told her that it might be all a skilfully devised trap to catch me and Dr. Harris and that I wouldn't talk to her unless her lawyer was present.

Mr. Andrews told of his arrest on the night after his visit to District Attorney Jerome at Lakeville, Conn. Mr. Jerome had promised him, he said, that he wouldn't be arrested if he put off a trip to Europe which

he had scheduled for the next day. "When I came back," said Andrews, with tears in his voice, "I was met by Mr. Gans and he asked me if I didn't think it would be better for me to submit voluntarily to arrest. I told him that his chief had promised me that I wouldn't be arrested if I did not sail for Europe; that Mr. Jerome had told me that the complaint against me was tainted and needed further investigation, and that I wouldn't submit voluntarily to arrest. But in spite of that was dragged through the streets the next

day like a pickpocket."

Mr. Corrigan asked Mr. Andrews about the case against Dr. Kane, who got \$10,000 out of a young man named McCullum of Mount Vernon by a fake radium cure. Kane pleaded guilty and made restitution. Andrews said he got \$4,000 from McCullum, but that that was approved by the County Medical Society.

Dr. Harris testified that when Mrs. Strosnider came to his house at the midnight meeting she said: "I have been to see my husband and

McKee. Their stories do not agree. The ne failing of my husband is that he lies and that he will stick to a lie even if he goes to jail." "She said that all lawyers were scoundrels and insulted the legal profession," Dr. Harris added.

He said that his wife was very nervous and that she came to court yesterday with Dr. F. Leroy Satteriee. She was so neryous that he was afraid she'd commit sui-"She told me that if I didn't do something she'd separate from me or do something serious," he said.

# W. A. DAY'S RESIGNATION.

Purdy Succeeds Him as Assistant to the Attorney-General,

Boston, July 29.-The resignation of William A. Day from the office of assistant to the Attorney-G States was announced to-day by Attorney-General Moody, who returned to his law offices in this city after a brief vacation spent along the Maine coast. It was also announced that the resignation had been accepted by President Roosevelt and that Milton D. Purdy, senior Assistant Attorney-General of the United States, had been appointed by the President to succee Mr. Day.

Mr. Day has wished to surrender his duties in the Attorney-General's Department for a long time, but he remained at the solicitation of the Attorney-General who has found in Mr. Day an assistant of special ability in connection with the inrestigation of the trusts as pursued by

the Department. Last Wednesday Mr. Day was elected by the directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society to the office of comptroller of that company, this election being in connection with the reorganization movement recently started in the organization.

The Attorney-General's announcement

follows: "William A. Day has resigned the office of assistant to the Attorney-General of the United States and his resignation has been accepted by the President, Milton D. Purdy, senior Assistant Attorney-General of the United States, has been appointed by the President to succeed Mr. Day.

HELD LIGHT AS FATHER SHOT. Miss Valentine Showed Him Where the

Burgiars Were—One Is Dead. CHICAGO, July 29 .- By the light of a lamp held by his daughter, Charles Valentine of 1233 West Harrison street, shot and killed one burglar and seriously injured another when they broke into his saloon early to-day. The young woman, Miss Theresa Valentine was aroused by the ringing of a burglar alarm. She found her father standing in front of a glass door leading into the saloon endeavoring to make out the figures of the

Miss Valentine shaded the rays from a lamp she was carrying until after her father leveled his shotgun, ready to take had leveled his shotgun, ready to take aim She then uncovered the lamp, flooding the room with light. The two men were seen crouching behind the bar. Flinging the door open, Valentine fired at the first man, who fell to the floor. The second made an effort to escape, but as he crawled through the opening Valentine fired again, wounding him in the arm. He fell to the sidewalk, but rose and ran across the street. As the first robber was dying he gave his name as Edward Carlson.

# BREAKS LEG TO SAVE CHILDREN

Vaults to Horse's Back and Turns Runaway

Team From Group of Youngsters. A heavy team attached to an American Express wagon took fright at a steam drill in the excavation for the new East River tunnel at the foot of Thirty-third street

tunnel at the foot of Thirty-third street yesterday and turned into Thirty-third street at a rapid pace.

Robert Elisworth, a clerk, who was entering his home at \$24, saw that a dozen children were directly in the horse's path, and leaped upon one of the horses as they passed. The team turned into the curb and stopped, but not before Elisworth had lost his hold and rolled under a front wheel. His right leg was fractured below the knee. An ambuiance took him to Bellevue.

# MOORE GOT OUT IN 13 DAYS

The strong way The sun.

AFTER "NITRO CULTURE" COM-PLAINT WENT TO PRESIDENT.

Papers to He Sent to the Department of Have Secretary Wilson Resign, and the Secretary Says He Intends to Stay

OTSTER BAY, N. Y., July 29 .- In some correspondence given out by order of the President at the executive offices here today lies the full explanation of the sudden resignation of George T. Moore, the Department of Agriculture pathologist, whose name was connected with the Nitro Culture Company. As indicated by the dates of the letters, the action on Moore's case was swift. And one reason why the President wishes the facts published is his desire to show that any questionable act, whether by members of the Department of Agriculture or of any other Department, will be investigated with similar despatch.

The President's attention was first called to the Nitro Culture matter by Manager T. D. Harman of the Axtell-Rush Publishing Company of Pittsburg, publishers of the National Stockman and Farmer. This

in his letter: PITTEBURG, PA., July 15, 1905.

To Theodore Roosevell, President of the United States, Oyster Bay, N. Y. DEAR SIR: We beg to call your attention to the matter of the United States Department of Agriculture in connection with the development and exploitation of nitro culture. have abundant evidence to convince us that duly interested in firms who have been organized to develop and sell these cultures to farmers and others at exorbitant prices As to the exploitation of the merits of nitro culture, we beg to call your attention to ar article appearing in Pearson's Managine for April, 1905, and other articles appearing in the Century and other magazines, with which you no doubt are familiar. These articles were read and approved (at least passively) by employees or the Department pefore they appeared in the magazines. No misleading, and the damage following such publication to our agricultural interests would be hard to estimate. We made a personal investigation of the matter about April 15. We inclose herewith our report on the same and our intense desire to do no one an injury led us to make the report as favorable to the Department as possible, Since publishing these articles we have evidence to convince us that our first impressions were correct and that employees of the Department were interested in the manufacture and sale nitro culture. We are ready to offer proofs in regard to these statements and are willing meet you for a personal interview, if you desire same, at any time you may command.

THE AXTEL-RUSH PUBLISHING COMPANY, Per T. D. HARMAN, Manager. The President then directed the following to be sent:

OTSTER BAY, N. Y , July 17, 1905. MY DEAR MR. SECRETARY. By direction of the President I send you the enclosed letter from the Axtell-Rush Publishing Company of Pittsburg, Pa., relative to the development and exploitation of nitro culture. The Pres dent would be glad to have you send him a report on this matter the accompanying papers. Very truly yours, B. F. BARNES, a report on this matter with the return of

Acting Secretary of the President To Hon. James Wilson, Secretary of Agricult ture, Washington, D. C.

To this the reply came dated July 28. DEAR MR. BARNES: I received from you a few days ago certain papers, herewith re-turned, coming to the President from the Axtell-Rush Publishing Company of Pittaburg relative to the development and expibitations of nitro culture in this Depart-ment. I have looked into the matter and to-day Mr. George T. Moore brought me his resignation, which I accepted, and of which I send you a copy. We will send a copy of the papers to the Department of Justice and have them determine whether the case requires action by them. Very truly yours,

Secretary. A copy of Mr. Moore's resignation and his explanatory statement in which he tells how he returned after his salary was raised the stock the nitro culture co pany had reserved for him were also given out here.

JAMES WILSON,

The report that Secretary Wilson has forwarded his resignation to the President was not confi-med here. The President, it is known, thinks very highly of his Secretary of . , riculture

WILSON WILL NOT RESIGN.

The American People Are Worth Serving. He Says, "and I Am Going to Stay." WASHINGTON, July 29.—Secretary Wilson s very much incensed against the persons responsible for the circulation of the report Washington yesterday, and referred to in THE SUN this morning, that he had forwarded his resignation to President Roosevelt. He emphatically denied that

he had taken such a step or that he contemplated retiring from the Cabinet. He "Maliciously gotten up; maliciously cir-culated by those that lie. I have not resigned, and don't intend to resign. I am not discouraged with conditions in the Department. I am not disgusted with the unfair criticisms of it, because I am not letting such criticisms worry me for a minute. I am not a sick man. On the other hand I never felt better in my life than I do now.

serving. I am going to stay right here serving them." Secretary Wilson is making arrangements leave Washington early next week. He intends to go West and make an examination of the Government's forest reserves with a view to formulating regulations

I think the American people are well worth

for their control and development. In defense of the criticism heaped upon Secretary Wilson's administration of the Department of Agriculture, it is said by his friends that during the more than eight years he has been at the head of the Department, investigations have been in progress at all times. No less than 290 persons have been summarily dismissed by the Secretary for various reasons. Of this number ap-proximately 107 persons have been removed

proximately 107 persons have been removed under charges.

It is no longer a secret that Secretary Wilson is now making what practically amounts to a general investigation of his department. He has caused an inquiry to be made into the conduct of several divisions, and is showing a disposition to look into things himself, without depending entirely upon the word of subordinates. He has not, however, abandoned his plans for leaving Washington.

Bohn's Homeopathic Lazatives keep your liver d intestines active and insure perfect health.

Dewey's Old Medicinal Port for Invalida Will strongthen the Weak and Convalescents. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 186 Fulton St., New York.

## THE REV. N. O. HALSTED FOUNDS DEPEW SAYS HE'LL TELL ALL Despatch Says He Is in Washington Suffer-

ing From Effects of Heat. The Rev. Dr. Henry Mottet, pastor of the Church of the Holy Communion and president of the corporation of St. Johnland at Kings Park, I., I., of which the Rev. Newberry O. Halsted, who had been Justice-President Does Not Want to missing since a week ago last Friday, was superintendent, received this telegram from Washington last night:

Halsted arrived in Washington this morning. Still feels the effect of the heat. Hopes to return Monday. WEYMAN WALTER.

"That is the first piece of news I have received concerning Mr. Halsted's disappearance since he dropped out of sight here," said Dr. Mottet. I spent all of the day at St. Johnland and when I got home to-night I found this telegram. I have no idea who Weyman Walter is and as the telegram gives no address I can't communicate with him. Undoubtedly he is some friend of Mr. Halsted's. I don't see what I can do now, but wait until Monday("

The name signed to the despatch suggested Walter Wyman, Surgeon-General in the Marine Hospital Service, but he did not send it. The Washington police and hospitals know nothing about Mr. Halsted There is no Weyman Walter in the Washington directory.

RUN DOWN BY A STEAMER. Bey and Three Girls in Perli Until Rescued

by Boats From the Shore. POUGHKEEPSIE, July 29 .- The steamer Central Hudson ran down a rowboat containing a boy and three girls in the middle of the Hudson River opposite this city, late last evening. In the boat were Miss Grace Propson, a stenographer for the Dutchess Manufacturing Company; her brother Carl, 14 years of age, and two young ladies from New York, guests of Miss Propson, whose names she refused to give, having pledged

her word not to. The party started early in the evening for a row up the river. On the return the tide was against them and they made slow progress. It was late when they ap-proached Poughkeepsie and it was very dark, there being no moon. They were talking of their hazardous position when the lights of a steamer were seen approaching from down the river. Miss Propson and her brother were rowing. They plied they oars vigorously, but could not avoid the boat. The steamer, which proved to be the Central Hudson, from New York to Rondout, struck the prow of the boat and smashed it in. There was a rush of water, which filled the boat.

The cries of the young women were heard by Abram Brook, the pilot of the steamer, who reversed the engine quickly, saving them from being drawn under the wheel. The cries of the party were heard on shore by Thomas Gilman, Wesley Cashdollar and Harry kihlmire, who hurried out in skiffs. Gilman was the first to reach the smashed rowboat, which was almost under water, He pulled the four out of the water into his boat, but the weight was too much for his light skiff. Cashdoliar and Kihlmire came up and took the two New York girls, and all reached shore safely.

Not one of the party could swim a stroke. Miss Propson said she could not remember whether the Central Hudson stopped or not

FITZ, MRS. FITZ, MISS FITZ. All Back From Paris, Where the Men Don't

Fight-Now, if Anybody Here-Bob Fitzsimmons came to town last night on the American liner St. Paul. With him was Mrs. Bob, looking beautiful in a were also seven trunks, four bags, two French poodles and little Miss Fitzsimmons. When the gangplank dropped Bob raced to be first ashore against Mrs. Thomas C. Platt, for whom the Senator was waiting

on the wharf. "Been to France," said Bob, as he struggled with two bags and the two poodles. Paris. Sent Mrs. Fitzsimmons over to study for a year. She's a good actress, but she wants to be better. so bloomin' lonesome I couldn't stand it, so I packs up and goes over and brings back. A year's dramatic lessons, year's lease of an apartment—all gone

to hell. "She's going back though, and I'm going with her. We'll take my show on the road this year, and next summer we'll go over for a year. Like Paris? Say, it's

the only place! "Of course I won't fight over there, because there ain't no fighting there, but while

'm here I'm open to any good man-Right here one of the French poodles n his efforts to lick Mrs. Fitzsimmons's hand, circumnavigated the famous knockkneed pipestems. The other followed, the age got involved and Mr. Fitzsimmons signified that the interview was closed. There lives only one man who ever proved

that he can interview Mr. Fitzsimmons when Mr. Fitzsimmons doesn't want to be nterviewed.

### AUTO FOR AMBULANCE When the Car That Had Half Killed a Small Boy Fled On.

Michele Roccovacco, who is 15, tried to pross Third avenue at 189th street last night n front of a northbound Fordham car. His short legs didn't get him out of the way in time, and he was hit and thrown wenty feet or more to one side.

The motorman of the car, so persons who saw the accident told the Tremont avenue station police, sent the car ahead

Francis C. Menair came along in an auto-

mobile. "Let me use my machine," said he to Po liceman Brown. "That boy will die if he loesn't get treatment quick, and I'll take a

chance at the speed law if you go with me." The policeman and Menair put the boy in the automobile and the speed law was fractured with the connivance of the cop. Dr. Dolan, at Fordham Hospital, found that the boy had a fractured skull and internal injuries and probably cannot live. He lives

at 151 Morris avenue.

Capt. Ferris of the Tremont avenue sta-tion had six men out last night looking or the motorman.

CZAR'S BAN ON MARRIAGE. Grand Duke Cyril Cannot Wed Divorced Grand Duchess of Hesse.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, July 29 .- It is stated that the Czar has refused the Grand Duke Cyril permission to marry the divorced Grand Duchess of Hesse, the Princess Victoria Melita of Saxe-Coburg. Julius, as he was taken to the police station

The Train of the Century is the Twentleth Century Limited, the 18 hour train between New York and Chicago by the New York Central Lines.—Ads.

THAT HE KNOWS ABOUT HIS RELA-TIONS WITH THE EQUITABLE,

Or Can Find Out, as Soon Ps He Can Get At and Digest the Documents-Nothing to Say at Present-Hurried Back to New York to Get Into the Storm Center

Benator Chauncey M. Depew, looking as young and cheerful as ever, arrived last night on the steamship St. Paul. Mrs. Depew was with him, and Senator Platt, whose wife was on the St. Paul, helped welcome him at the pier. Half the reporters in the world boarded the steamer with the revenue officers or waited on the pier. "Now, now, I've nothing to say. Sorry, but I haven't," said Mr. Depew. "I am

coming home because this is the storm center and I want to be in it. I know absolutely nothing about the affairs of the Equitable except what I have read in the papers. That is what is bringing me back. I saw that I couldn't fight this battle 3,000 miles from home. I shall have not a word to say about the Equitable until I look over the papers in the case—the official papers, I mean. Then I shall give out a statement in full regarding my connection with the Equitable company, and especially the loan to the Depew Improvement Company. I had only a minor interest in that company and my name was used without my consent I have nothing further to say in any form or shape until I issue my statement, when the American public will know everything that I know up to the time that I issue that statement.

All this time Senator Depew had been walking away from the gangplank, surrounded by a cloud of reporters and sketch men. His immediate family was vainly trying to act as interference. At this point of the interview some one noticed that the whole crowd was about to walk off the wharf into the river. At that Mr. Depew broke into a smile, which turned into a hearty laugh when some one asked, as they al

"How about 'Fads and Fancies'?" "Oh, that' I subscribed to that four years ago. I can't remember the name of the man who came to me about it, but he was a nice fellow and he had a letter of introduction from Col. Mann, whom know very well. I consider it an excellent work, and was glad to put up \$1,500 for my share. I have seen the proof sheets since It is one of the prettiest pieces of work I ever saw. Positively, there was no coercion of any kind. Oh, yes. I thought there might be something in it for 'the It costs me \$1,000 a year for 'the boys.' boys' and similar publications, you know. The next question was pointed.

"Do you think, Mr. Depew, that if the Equitable affair had come out before your election you would have regained your seat in the Senate?"

Senator Depew laughed again.
"Some prophets," he said, "are hind ighters rather than forecasters." "I went to Aix-les-Bains for my rheums tism, as is my custom every year. I didn' quite have time to shake it, so I have brought

some of the water home with me. "Any new jokes abroad? Heard a thousand jokes, but none of them new. Didn't tell any new ones of my own, either. Almost my only public appearance was last Thursday, at the concert in the first cabin in aid of the seamen's institutions. There spoke in praise of President Roosevelt's part in bringing about the peace con-

ference. Here Mr. Depew managed to struggle himself loose and with one apprehensive backward glance he seized the arm of Mrs. Depew and went to take care of the baggage. The Senator was met at Quarantine by the New York Central tug C. M. Depew with New York Central officials aboard.

LEATHER STRAP IN WIFE'S HANDS Husband Objected in Court to a Retori

in Kind. ORANGE, N. J.; July 29 .- Bringing with her a heavy leather strap, Mrs. John Baker of 52 Central place, Orange, appeared before Police Justice Bray in the Orange police court this morning and said she wanted to make a charge of assault against her husband for beating her with the

Baker averred that he had merely "lightly apped" his wife with the strap because he had taken a letter from his pocket Then it developed that the letter was from another woman who lives somewhere on Long Island and that Baker had arranged or a meeting between them on Tuesday When Baker denied hurting his wife, the woman said:

"I'd just like to hit you across the bac with that strap as hard as you hit me." "Would you be willing to be hit on the back with that strap as hard as you hit your wife?" inquired Justice Bray. "Why, certainly," he replied with a laugh

"All right. Mrs. Baker, here is the strap. Now you hit your husband as hard as he hit you. Take off your coat, Baker," said the Magistrate, handing the strap to Mrs. Mrs. Baker took the strap with alacrity.

"Take off your coat. I'll promise not to hit you harder than you hit me," she said to her husband. The crowd in the court room looked on expectantly and Baker lost

"Take off your coat!" said the Justice. "No, she'll hurt me," said the man. The crowd laughed. Justice Bray adjourned he case pending Baker's good behavior.

STIRRED UP STH AVENUE.

It Occurs to a Young East Sider to Ring a Fire Alarm for Fun.

Julius Halheimer, 15 years old, of 218 East Seventy-sixth street, stood at Fifth avenue and Seventy-fourth street at 6 o'clock ast night and marveled at the quietness of the neighborhood. Julius likes noise and bustle. Near where he stood was a fire box. Knowing how to manufacture excitement, he sounded the alarm.

Then Julius walked over to the park wall to see the fire apparatus come rushing up— three engines, two trucks, a battalion chief and a deputy chief, all very fine. With the fire engines came Cop Moloney. Where's the fire?" demanded the fire-

men of the cop.

"Damfino," replied Moloney.

Moloney found a boy who had seen another boy ring the alarm. The other boy was Julius. He admitted it.

"I wanted to stir up things a bit," said

New quick service, N. Y. to Birmingham, Ala., via Penn. R. R. and Southern Ry. Leave N. Y. 423 P. M.; arrive Birmingham 9:15 next evening. Hours faster than any other line. N. Y. Offices 271 and 1185 Broadway.—Adr.

SHARK EATS A BOY.

Pulls Young Swimmer Under Water Of North Carolina Coast.

RICHMOND, Va., July 29.-While playing in the water; Sutton Davis, aged 16, was eaten by a shark at Davis Shore on the North Carolina coast, ten miles east of Beaufort, yesterday afternoon. The boy. who was an expert swimmer, had waded in about walst deep when he was seized by a shark, who pulled him under and disappeared with him into deep water.

Several men were on the shore at the time, but before they could lift a hand it was too ate to aid the boy. A search was made, but no portion of his body reappeared. It has been the custom of the people of this section for years to dive and swim

reely, despite the fact that a number of sharks are seen daily. Not in fifty years have they attacked any one, but have contented themselves with eating refuse matter thrown into the water from the factories. The shark that carried young Davis out to sea and ate him is described by witnesses as having been from twenty to thirty

swift that the boy could not avoid him. SAD SIMEON FORD.

feet in length. His movements were so

Three Hours Lapse While He Makes More Laps in Chase of His Trunk.

Simeon Ford, the afterdinner talker. who goes to Scotland and plays golf, did not have a chance to eat dinner aboard the White Star liner Celtic yesterday, for she got up before dinner time. Maybe that is why he looked and seemed to feel sorrow- tures. ful. His trunk got lost and he ran about the pier in a sweltering condition of body and a distracted state of mind trying to connect with somebody who might tell him that the trunk had not been jettisoned. because of undue weight, attributed to a mass of afterdinner jests that he had composed on the voyage in the intervals when he did not have to lean over the rail. Being a lean person, he said it was his invariable habit to lean.

He declared that he had contributed no cash to "Fads and Fancies," but was willing to throw in a few jokes about anybody's ancestors, including his own, who would like to have him get their names in print. After a lapse of about three hours, in which Mr. Ford made many other laps, he found his trunk. It was only one, and he

GETS THE JOHNSON MILLIONS. Will in Favor of Miss Dickerson, a Stenog rapher, Is Upheld.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., July 29 .- Miss Edna

Dickerson of Chicago is now in undisputed

wondered why it had been so elusive.

possession of the Albert Johnson millions. Upon stipulation between Dr. Asa John son, the contestant, and Edna Dickerson the proponent, the District Court appeal from the order admitting the Johnson will to probate was dismissed to-day by Judge Andrew Holt. Judgment affirming the Probate Court order has been entered, the special administrators, S. A. Reed and Frank A. Shaw, have been discharged and letters issued to Miss Diokerson, now the unprotested executrix. The dismissal

was made without costs to either party. Miss Dickerson, who was a stenographer was the sole legatee named in the Albert Johnson will. Dr. Asa Johnson, brother of the deceased, urged by his relatives, contested the will on the grounds that Albert Johnson was not of sound mind and that he had been unduly influenced by his Chicago relative.

MRS. SHELDON SEEKS DIVORCE. Was Emily Adam and Owns the Adam Oyster Bay Estate.

Mrs. Emily Sheldon of 9 East Tenth street has begun an action for a divorce from James Sheldon, and the testimony is being privately heard by Alexander V. Campbell as referee. It is expected that he will file his report in the case shortly.

Mrs. Sheldon is a member of the old Adam family of Long Island, and a sister of the late John Folger Adam. She i rich in her own right, and owns the family property on the north shore of Long Island She became the wife of James Sheldon about nineteen years ago, and they have daughter Cecily, who made her début last eason. Just before this event Sheldon. t is said, left for England, and the divorce action is believed to be based on his conduct in England. Sheldon is a member o several clubs, both here and in London.

Neither Charles A. Peabody, counsel for Mrs. Sheldon, nor Henry C. Beadleston who is acting for Sheldon, would discuss the divorce suit yesterday.

PRINCE OF BEARN HERE With His American Wife and the Title

de Chainis as Well.

The Prince and Princess Henri Galard le Béarn et de Chalais were passengers aboard the French liner La Touraine, which arrived yesterday from Havre. The Princess was Miss Beatrice Winans, daughter of Ross Winans of Baltimore, and was married to the Prince on June 24. The Prince is secretary to the French Embassy to Russia. Just before the marriage the Prince de Sagan objected to the Prince de Bearn using the second half of his title, declaring that it was the exclusive property of the Prince de Sagan. There were rumors of a duel over the question, but nothing happened except literary passages at arms.

BATTED BALL KILLED HIM. Short Stop in a Trenton Game Struc

Over the Heart. TRENTON, July 29.-In a baseball game at Hamilton Terrace this afternoon, Frederick Whittaker, a short stop, 19 years old, was hit over the heart by a ball batted by William Housel and died a short time afterward.

ward.
Housel went to bat and hit the first ball pitched. Whittaker endeavored to stop it, but it passed through his glove and knocked him down. He tried to get up and go on with the game, but hemorrhages set in and an ambulance was called. A physician worked over the young man on the way to the hospital, but he died before the building was reached.

Mr. Bryan Going Away From Here. Madison, Wis., July 29 .- After a ban-

quet given by the Democrats of Wisconsin last night Col. W. J. Bryan told a few intimate friends that he would soon start for a trip around the world. The trip will last

King Receives Senator Lodge. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, July 29.-The King received Ambassador Reid this aft moon. Mr. Reid presented Senator Lodge of Massachusetts.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

17 FROM COLON QUARANTINED.

SEGURANCA COMES UP TO HER PIER AFTER DROPPING THEM.

Only One Case of Real Yellow Fever Found at Quarantine Since the Season Opened - Yellow Fever Mosquito Docen't Seem to Come Up Here Any More

The Panama Railroad's steamship Segurança, in yesterday from Colon, had fifteen persons aboard whose elevated temperatures caused their removal from Quarantine to Hoffman Island for observation. Health Officer Doty found two of the crew ill with what appeared to be malarial fever. These were taken to Swinburne Island for treatment. Eight of their shipmates, who had been sick off and on on the voyage, and who were convalescent, showed only symptoms of malarial fever. The two who were still sick were attacked three days ago and were better when they were examined yesterday than they had been on the day be-

Dr. Doty said there was no evidence from a clinical examination that any of the sick men had yellow fever, but a bacteriological examination of their blood would be completed to-day and then it would be definitely determined whether any of them is or recently has been afflicted with yellow fever. Only one case of yellow fever has developed from the large number of passengers from Colon who have been detained in the last several weeks because of high tempera-

The men taken to Swinburne Island are Thomas McGill, a steward, and Vincent Novo, a fireman. Dr. Doty visited them late in the afternoon and found McGill, who was the sicker of the two, doing well.

The first cabin passengers taken to Hoffman Island are Miss Hectsel, a nurse, and Henry Boyd; second cabin passengers, Julius Daniel, Andrew Spez, C. B. Oster, F. Staley and Miss Wempe; crew, Dom Lararo, Frank Dyer, A. Prieto, J. Eyamos, P. Manuel, George Mann, D. Camaur and R. J. Henday. Before the Seg-urança sailed from Colon Third Officer Carter, Assistant Engineer Peters and two coal passers were taken ashore with what was supposed by passengers to be yellow fever. One of the coal passers died of the disease in hospital. The surgeon of the Segurança said that he had the impression that Carter and the assistant engineer were suffering with "bad malaria" only.

Dr. Doty did not fumigate the ship, as he says it has been clearly demonstrated that yellow fever cannot be spread by contact with a patient or his bedding or clothing, but only by the bite of the peculiar mosquito that carries the germs of the disease. The mosquitoes taken aboard the ships from Colon, the doctor said, were unlikely to be brought all the way to

New York. Two members of the crew of the Morgan Line steamship El Dorado, in yesterday from New Orleans, were transferred from Quarantine to Hoffman Island because their

temperatures were above normal. All the passengers who were sent to Hoffman Island from the Mallory Line steamship Alamo, which arrived on Friday from Galveston, were released yesterday, as it was apparent that none was ill of either malaria or yellow fever. They were brought up to the Mallory Line pier

aboard the Quarantine tug Governor Flower. Among the Seguranca's passengers were Canal Commissioners Hains and Harrod

and A. J. Sampson, American Minister to Ecuador. Commissioner Harrod said: "We have been ten days on the Isthmus gathering material for reports to present to the advisory board on Sept. 1. The chief work at present is preparing quarters for the employees and perfecting the food supply. We have completed two hotels and have seven more under way. We expect by this means to bring our employees under close supervision. Of the 1,500 who were with us in the month of June only

three had yellow fever." ALL KINDS OF QUARANTINES.

They Cross and Zigzag in the South - Var-

daman vs. Blanchard. NEW ORLEANS, July 29 .- A case of yellow fever is reported from Wildwood plantation. Jefferson Parish, opposite New Orleans. and is traceable to the Italian quarter of this city. Another case is from Lumberton. Miss. The house in which the latter case prevails is surrounded by the militia and

a shotgun quarantine is preserved. In spite of the efforts of the United States Marine Hospital Service and the State boards of health of Louisiana, Texas and Mississippi, the quarantine situation is growing steadily worse and the Southwest is drifting into the condition of a quarantine panic, such as

usually prevails during an epidemic. All the health officers agree in the declaration that the yellow fever is transmitted only by the tegomyia mosquito after it has bitten a person sick of the fever, and the State quarantines are based on this idea. but the town boards and health officers take a different view of the matter, and nearly every town has a different quarantine, the tendency being to tie up business. Upon the demand of the Mississippi State Board of Health that the freight cars from New Orleans be fumigated lest the cars might contain infected mosquitoes, the United States Marine Hospital Service established fumigating service here, and the cars are now thoroughly disinfected, but when the smaller Mississippi towns insisted upon the fumigation of freight with sulfur, which would ruin most of it, the Marine Hospital Service refused to do so, declaring it ridiculous, altogether unnecessary and not of the slightest advantage. Some of the towns have gone even further and have refused to receive freight, especially express packages, from New Orleans, whether fumigated or not.

Port Gibson, McComb City, Magnolia; Utica and other points in Mississippi, Martin, Grand Junction and Oakland, Tenn.; and Lafayette and Tangipahoa, La., all are quarantined against freight, whether fumigated or not, each quarantine being different and including different articles In addition, there are all kinds of cross quarantines. Shreveport, for instance, has quarantined against all the rest of Louisiana south of Red River, while Natchez has quarantined against the whole world, nobody being allowed to enter the town except farmers from the neighboring coun-

except farmers from the neighboring country. The confusion which the health authorities were so anxious to avoid thus grows more confounded.

Tampa, Fla., and Lumberton; Miss.; where single cases have been discovered, are suffering nearly the same inconveniences as New Orleans in the matter of quarantines.

Mississippi has probably the severest